REPUBLIC OF SUDAN Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research

TECHNICAL EDUCATION CORPORATION(TEC)

The Promotion and Development of Technical Education in SUDAN

KHARTUOM - SUDAN

CONTENTS

- **1-Introduction**
- 2- Historical background of the Technical Education in Sudan
- 3- Current situation of Technical Education in Sudan
- **4- The National Project**
- **5- The Technical Colleges.**
- 6- Promotion of T.E.
- 7- Challenges .



Technical education is distinguished from other types of education , because of :

- its direct link to the needs of the labour market ;
- it promotes the economic and social life ;
- it follows-up the new technical modifications.

The qualifying of the Technician needs several capabilities such as :

- Establishing laboratories and specialized workshops ;
- Preparation and qualifying of instructors and trainers ;
- Review of the curricula in accordance with the needs of the labour market and development.

2- Historical background of Technical education in Sudan :

1902 - Gordon Memorial college (GMC) established a vocational and technical education secondary school (four years of study : two academic and two vocational).

1939 - Post secondary technical education introduced.

1951- Khartoum Technical Institute (KTI) established by annexing to it all the training units in the different governmental departments. The period of study is three years after the secondary school. **1962-** In the (KTI), the period of study for the diploma was increased from three years to four years.

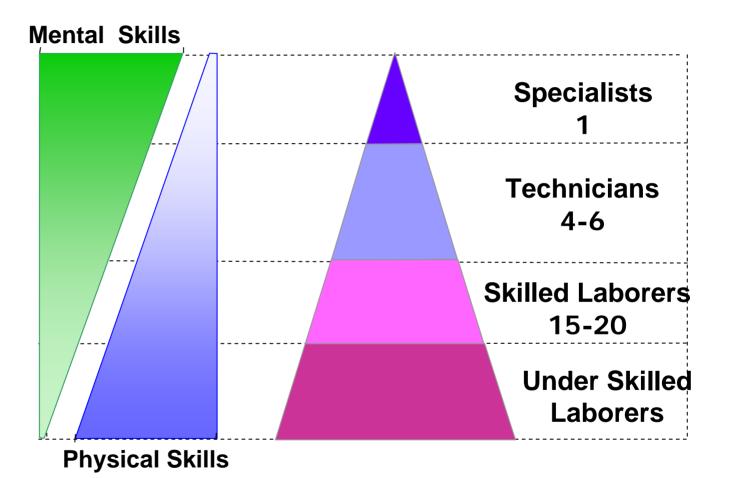
1971- The (KTI) was divided and distributed to a number technical colleges in the different regions in the Sudan.

1975- The (KTI) was transformed into the Institute of Technical Colleges (ITC).

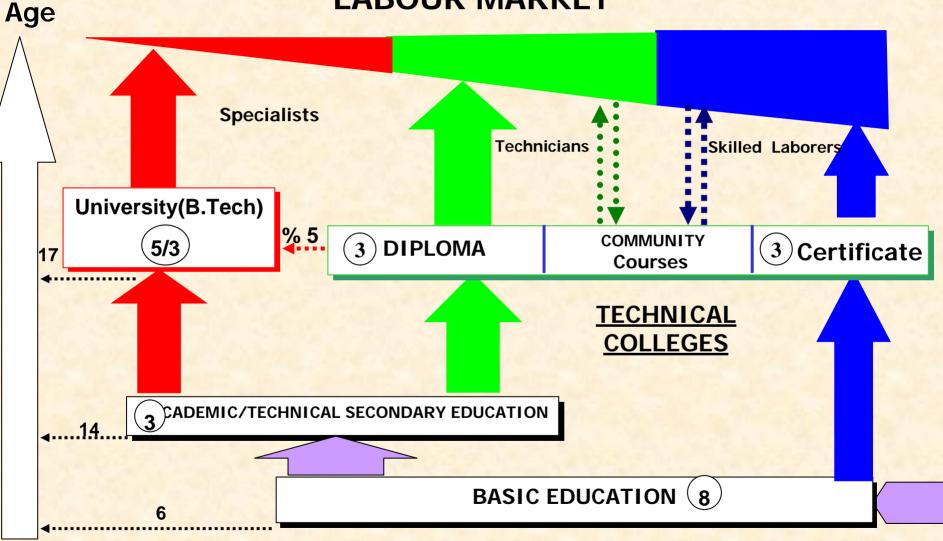
1983- The (ITC) started studies of Bachelor degree of Technology (B. Tech) + the diploma degree .

1990- The (ITC) was transformed to the Sudan University of Science and Technology (SUST).

International Pyramid for the Labor Force



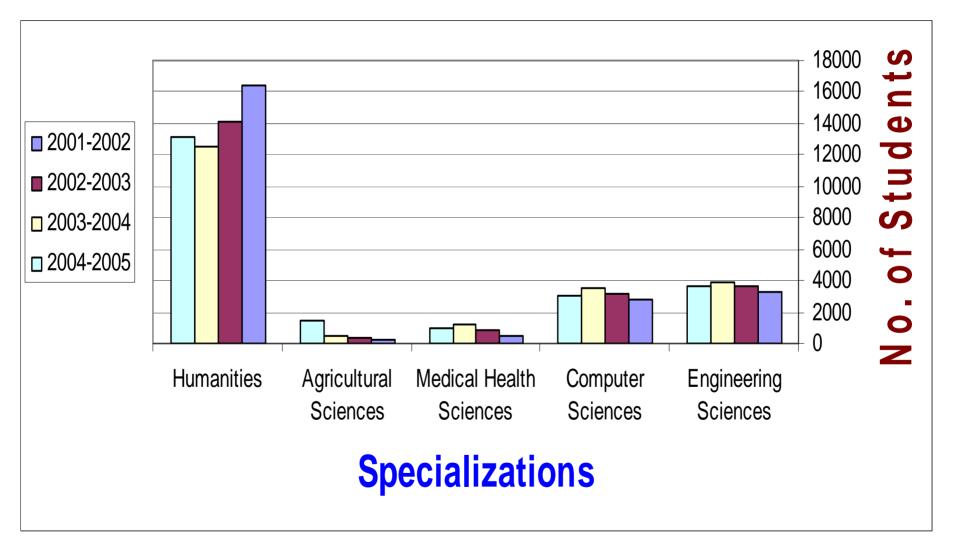
TECHNICAL EDUCATION TRACKS LABOUR MARKET



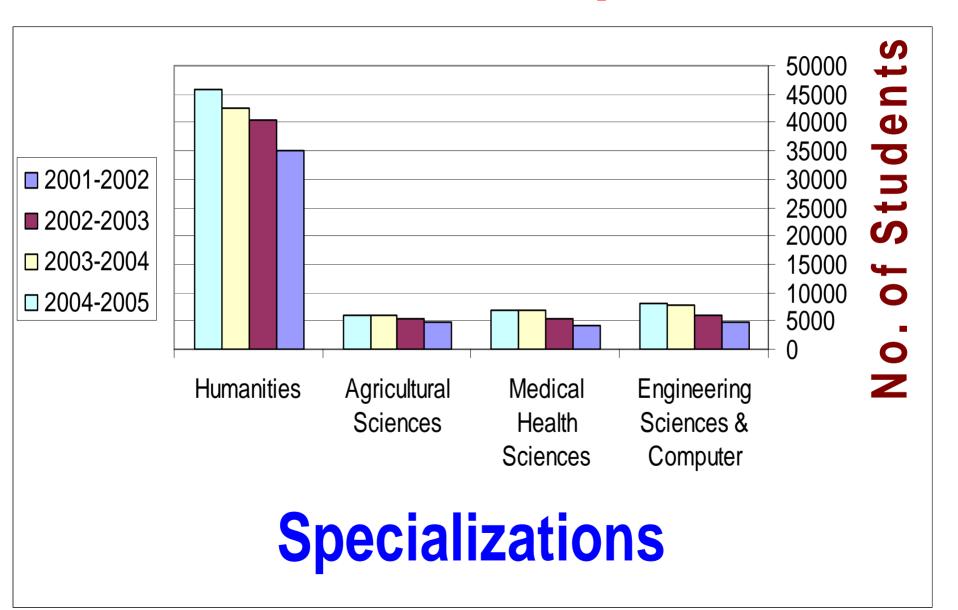
3- Current Situation of Technical Education :

The following bar charts show the distribution of diploma students for Higher Education institutions for the academic years 2001/2002 up to 2004/2005

Distribution of Diploma Students for Higher Education Institutions for the Academic Years 2001/2002 up to 2004/2005



Distribution of B.Sc. Students for Higher Education Institutions for the Academic Years 2001/2002 up to 2004/2005



4- The National Project

Establishing Ideal technical colleges
(a) College Objectives :-

- 1- Providing scientifically and practically qualified technicians able to work in the changing modern technology.
- 2- Giving due consideration to scarce technical specializations.

3 - Giving due consideration to applied scientific research required to the country's development plans.

4- The selected specialization of these colleges must satisfy the local needs of the community around the college premises .

(b) College Tributaries

- 1- Technical secondary schools (industrial, agricultural commercial and woman studies)
- 2- Academic secondary schools.
- 3- Successful students in the qualifying course for students of vocational training centers and apprenticeship institutes.

(c) Characteristic features of the college:

- 1. Study system: credit hours system
- 2. Type of study : Diploma level
- 3. Number of Departments: 3-5 departments
- 4. Number of semesters : 4-6 semesters
- 5. Study hours in class :15-20 credit hours
- Total credit hours for each programme : 70 –110 hours.
- 7. Total contact hours (Practical training included) :1500 2500 hours

(d) Preparations :

k	Laboratories
k	Workshops
k	Halls and theatres
k	Offices
k	Computer labs
k	Equipment and devices
k	Library
k	Public utilities, gardens and
	passages

(e) Fields of Technical Colleges:

1- Technical Engineering Colleges :

(Civil Engineering)

(Construction - Irrigation and drilling - Sewage system -Roads and bridges - Buildings and quantitative methods - Surveying - Environmental Engineering -Hydraulic Engineering)

(Electrical Engineering)

(Internal Electrical Connections - Electrical Networks -Electronic devices- Computer maintenance - Computer Network - Medical equipment and instruments -Communication - Electrical Equipment and Devices) (Mechanical Engineering) (Automobile - Thermal power - Jet engineering - Agricultural Machine -Heavy Machines - Air conditioning and Refrigeration - Welding and Smithery -Metallurgy – Foundary).

(Petroleum and Mining Engineering) (Drilling - Petroleum refining - Mining -Petroleum transport (Pipeline only) (Textile Engineering) (Trico - Dyeing and Printing - Textile -Spinning and Weaving).

(Chemical Engineering) (Food processing - Pharmaceutical manufacturing - Leather - Plastics - Oil manufacturing – Sugar technology).

2- Health Technology Colleges:

(Medical laboratories - Cardiography - Optics -Radiology - Anaesthesia - Stomatology – Dental technology - Public health - Nursing - Artificial limbs - Physiotherapy)

3- Agricultural Technology Colleges:

(Agricultural Mechanization - Crop production - Horticulture - Crop protection - Forestry - Food technology -Animal health - Animal production - Soil -Ecology and desertification – Pasture)

4- Social and Commercial Technology Colleges:

(Accounting - Business administration - Computer applications - Guidance and education
Social service - Clinical psychology - Kindergarten - Applied statistics – Woman development)

When designing the programmes of these colleges, the following points should be noted :

- 1- The programmes are unique and not a print copy of other ones.
- 2- Special considerations to be given for rare but important specializations.
- 3- The programmes must obey the local community needs .
- 4- The programmes must fulfill the country development needs .

5- The Technical Colleges

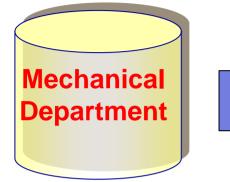
THE NUMBER OF TECHNICAL COLLEGES NOW IS 19 :

Nyala Technical College Elbadri Technical College

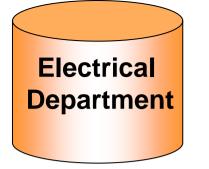
- **Elmehairiba Technical College**
- Kenana Technical College Kassala Technical College
- **Bentio Technical College Elgetaina Technical College**
- Wad Madani Technical College
- **Elgeraif Sharg Technical College**
- **Portsudan Technical College**
- Marawi Technical College Gadarif Technical College
- **Elfieg Technical College**
- Rabak Technical College
Om Rowaba Technical College
Damazin Technical College
Fadasi Technical College-Elbadri Health Technical College-
- **Faris Technical College**

- Southern Darfour State
- Nile Valley State
 - Gaziera State
- White Nile state
- Kassala State
- Unity State
 - White Nile state
 - Gaziera State
 - Khartoum State
- Red Sea State
- Northern state
- Gadarif State
 - Gaziera State
- White Nile state
- North Kordofan state
- Blue Nile state
- Gaziera state
 - Nile Valley State
- Gaziera State

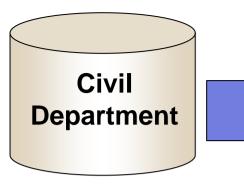
COLLEGE DEPARTMENTS & SPECIALIZATIONS :



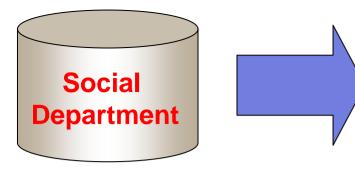
- Agricultural Machines
- Automobile
- Conditioning & Refrigeration
- Mechanics & Production
- Maintenance Machines
- Mechanical Electronic
- Maintenance Ships



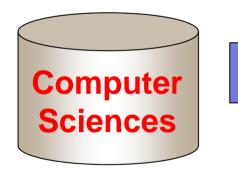
- -Networks & Electrical Communications.
- -Electrical Machines .
- Electronics
- Medical devices
- Control Systems
- Power Generation



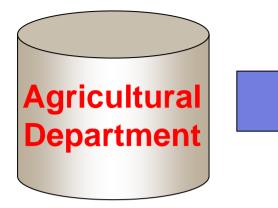
- Water Technology
- -Road & Bridges
- Buildings
- Technical Drawing
- Architectural Decoration
- Technical Drawing by Computer



- Social Development
- Administrative Sciences
- Accounting



- Computer Sciences
- Commercial & Accounting Systems



- Agricultural Production techniques
- Animal Production techniques

Illustration Photos

For Technical Colleges



Nala Technical College













Ebain Technical College



























El Marina Tachica Collago

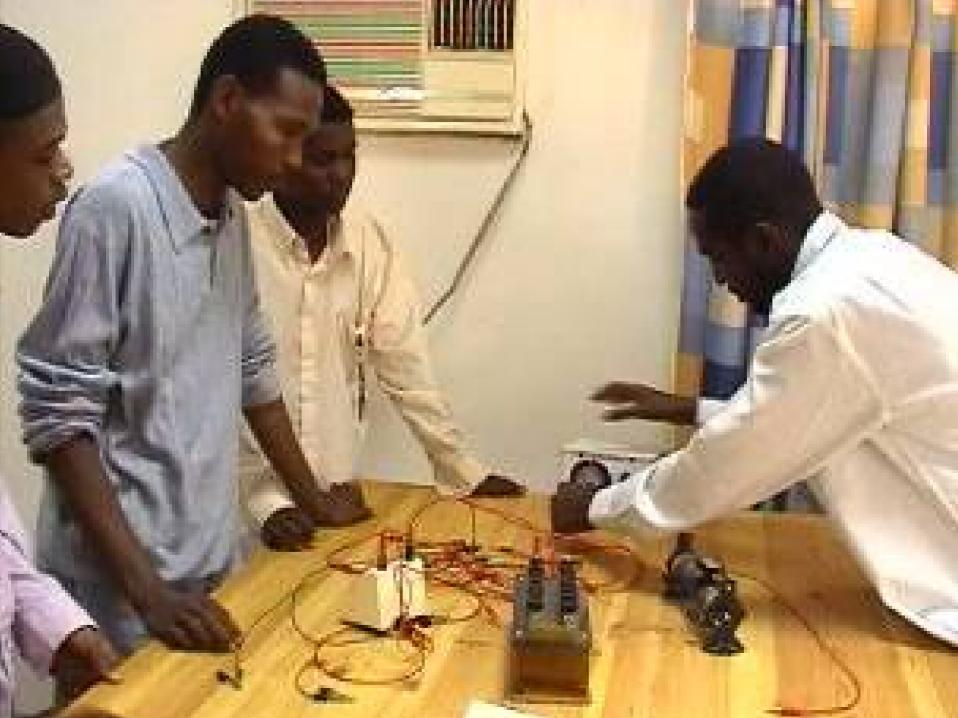


































Band Technical College















Water and the second of the se









E Corrigional Technical College









































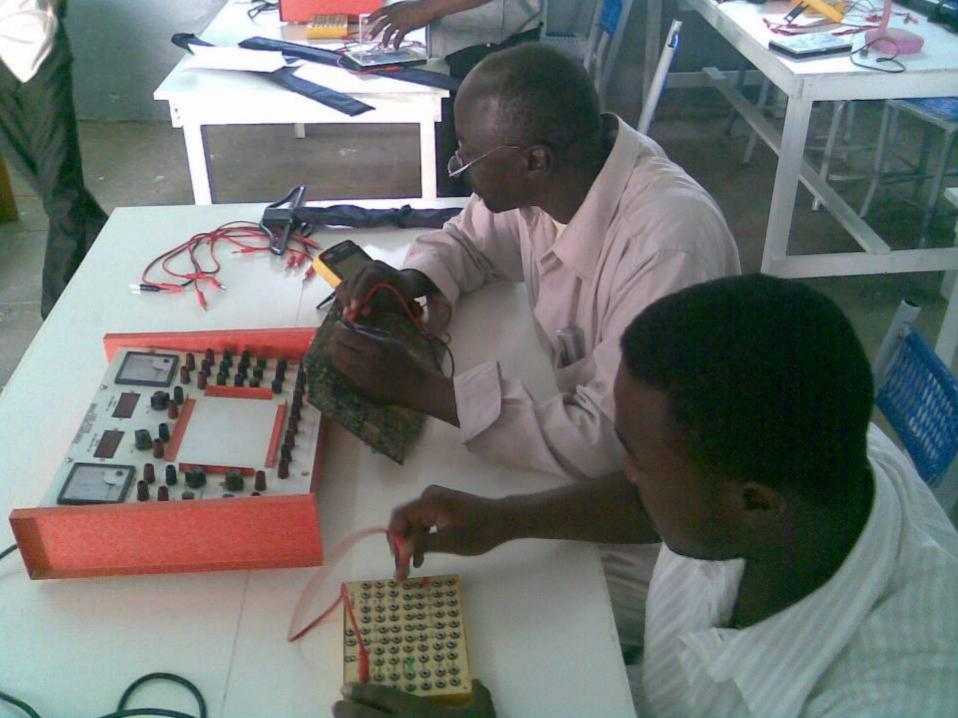






















































6- Promotion of Technical Education

Through :

- Different Mass Media : Written, Spoken & Seen .

- Highlighting the role of the technicians in development as a whole and giving examples of some developed countries such as UK, Korea, Germany, Japan, ..., ETC.

- Improvement of employment services .

 Close links between the Technical education and the work sectors .

- Exemption from tuition fees .

- Offering free accommodation for technical students .

- Upgrading of technicians through more qualifications .

7- Challenges Facing Technical Education:

- 1- Improving the ratio of Diploma to B.Sc.
- 2- Finance : government , foreign donations, private sector , trainee fees .
- 3- Capacity building of teachers and trainers.
- 4- Job description specification for each specialization.
- 5- Development of curricula to suit the labour market.
- 6- Quality of Technical Education
- 7- Flexibility in admission
- 8- Diversification of programs

Thank you for your attention